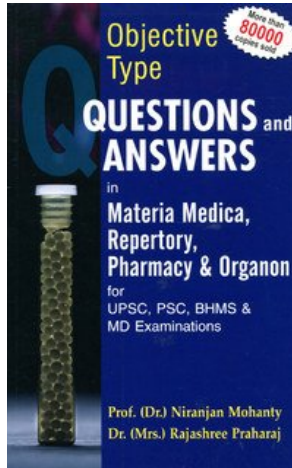


# Mohanty / Praharaj

## Objective Type Questions & Answers

Reading excerpt  
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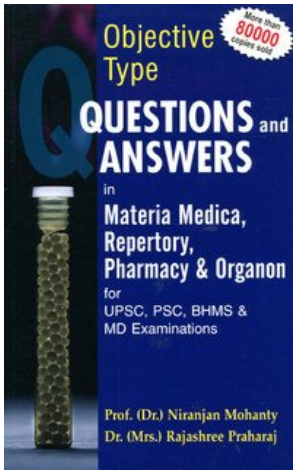
## OBJECTIVE TYPE OF QUESTIONS WITH MULTIPLE CHOICE AND ANSWERS IN

- 'Abrotanum' belongs to — family
  - Labiatae
  - Lauraceae
  - Compositae
  - None of the above
- 'Southernwood' is the common name of——
  - Aconitum nepellus
  - Abrotanum
  - Belladonna
  - Colchicum autumnale
- 'Rheumatism alternates with haemorrhoids and ..dysentery'is the characteristic of——
  - Kali bichromicum
  - Kali carb.
  - Colchicum
  - None of the above
- 'Losing flesh while eating well' is a symptom of——
  - Abrotanum
  - Iodum
  - Sanicula
  - Natrum mur.
  - Tuberculinum
  - All of the above
- Rheumatism caused by suddenly checked diarrhoea or other secretions' is the characteristic of——
  - Colchicum
  - Rhus -tox.
  - Abrotanum
  - None of the above
- An Abrotanum patient is——
  - Hot
  - Chilly
  - Sensitive to both
  - Not specific, the climate
- follows Abrotanum well.
  - Aconite nap.
  - Aethusa. cyn.
  - Bryonia, alb.
  - Baryta carb.

8. Children Remedies' for marked emaciation especially of legs are ——
- a. Iodum
  - b. Sanicula
  - c. Tuberculinum
  - d. Abrotanum
  - e. All of the above
9. The drug 'Abrotanum' is of ——diathesis.
- a. Rheumatic
  - b. Tubercular
  - c. Haemorrhagic
  - d. None of the above
10. The drug 'Aconitum napellus' belongs to family——
- a. Compositae
  - b. Solanaceae
  - c. Cucurbitaceae
  - d. None of the above
11. 'Monkshood' is the common name of——
- a. Podophyllum
  - b. Actaea racemosa
  - c. Abrotanum
  - d. None of the above
- 12:——causes turmoil in circulation.
- a. Belladonna
  - b. Aconite nap.
  - c. Chamomilla
  - d. All of the above
13. Aconite patients are mainly of——temperament.
- a. Irritable
  - b. Melancholic
  - c. Sanguine
  - d. None of the above
14. Aconite is complementary to — in fever.
- a. Coffea cruda
  - b. Bryonia alb.
  - c. Rhus tox.
  - d. All of the above
- 15.——patient predicts the time of death.
- a. Arsenic alb.
  - b. Bryonia alb.
  - c. Rhus tox.
  - d. None of the above.
16. Complaints of Aconitum napellus are caused by——
- a. Dry cold air, dry north or west winds
  - b. Damp weather
  - c. Effects of checked perspiration
  - d. All of the above
17. Aconite is the acute of——
- a. Thuja occidentalis
  - b. Psorinum
  - c. Sulphur
  - d. None of the above

166. 'Stupor with sharp, sudden shrill cries in brain diseases' is one of the characteristics of——  
a. Apis mel.                      b. Zinc.met.  
c. Phosphorus                     d. None of the above
167. 'Indicated remedy for ascites without thirst' is——  
a. Apocynum can.                b. China off.  
c. Apis mel.                      d. Ars. alb.
168. 'Remedies for bad effect of acute exanthemata imperfectly developed and suppressed' are——  
a. Zinc. met.                     b. Apis mel.  
c. Both.                          d. None of the above
169. 'Mental state of Apis mel. patient aggravates' from  
a. Heat, in warm room    b. Open air, cold exposure  
c. Damp cold weather      d. None of the above
170. 'Argentum metallicum' is prepared from——  
a. Pure silver                    b. Tin  
c. Copper                         d. Precipitated silver
171. Indicated remedy for hoarseness of professional singer is——  
a. Causticum                     b. Phosphorus  
c. Carbo veg.                     d. Arg. met.
172. Arg. metallicum patient is of — temperament.  
a. Irritable                      b. Nervous  
c. Lymphatic                    d. None of the above
173. Remedies for cough excited by laughing are ——  
a. Phosphorus, Drosera    b. Arg. met., Stannum  
c. All of the above             d. None of the above
174. Arg. met, follows well after——  
a. Arg. nit.                        b. Causticum  
c. Alumina                        d. Alumen
175. Arg. met. is antidoted by——  
a. Puis., mercurius            b. Carbo veg., Phosphorus  
c. Stannum met.                d. All of the above.

739. The skin of graphites patient is usually——  
a. Healthy, red, shining b. Greasy, smooth  
c. Rough, hard, dry d. None of the above
740. 'Witch hazel' is the common name of——  
a. Hamamelis b. Aesculus  
c. Bry. alb. d. None of the above
741. Hamamelis belongs to——family  
a. Compositae b. Solanaceae  
c. Hamamelaceae d. Ericaceae
742. Haemorrhage is dark, passive and non-coagulable is one of the red line symptom of——  
a. Ipecac b. Hamamelis  
c. Sulphur d. None of the above
743. 'Intense soreness of affected parts' is one of the characteristic symptom of——  
a. Rhus tox. b. Belladonna  
c. Aesculus d. All of the above  
e. Hamamelis
744. Hamamelis is antidoted by——  
a. Arn. mont, Cuprum met., Pulsatilla  
b. Bry. alb., Hep. sulph.  
c. Syphilinum, Mercurius
745. 'Christmas rose' is the common name of——  
a. Veratrum alb. b. Helleborus  
c. Podophyllum d. None of the above
746. Helleborus belongs to family——  
a. Ranunculaceae b. Rubiaceae  
c. Liliaceae d. Cucurbitaceae
747. Helleborus patient is——  
a. Hot b. Chilly  
c. Chilly, but does not catch cold  
d. Sensitive to both the climate
748. Helleborus patient is of——temperament  
a. Mild b. Irritable  
c. Nervous d. All of the above



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