

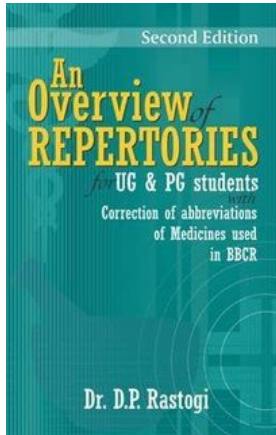
D.P. Rastogi
An Overview of Repertories for UG & PG Students

Reading excerpt

[An Overview of Repertories for UG & PG Students](#)

of [D.P. Rastogi](#)

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HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF REPERTORIES

- 1805 Fragmenta de Viribus Medica Mentorum Positivis by Hahnemann consisting of 4239 pages.
- 1828 Hartlaub's Repertory in Leipzig.
- 1830 Systematische Darstellung der Antipsorische Arzneimittel by Weber in German consisting of 536 pages.
- 1832 Boenninghauscn's Repertory of the Antipsorics with a preface by Hahnemann.
- 1833 Weber-Peschier's Repertory of Purely Pathogenetic Effects prefaced by Hahnemann consisting of 376 pages.
- 1835 Jahr's Repertory - work assigned by Dr. Hahnemann. It was published in two volumes consisting of 1052 and 1254 pages in German.
- Another Repertory of 200 pages - on Glands, Bones, Mucous Membrane, Ducts and Skin Diseases.
- 1835 Boenninghausen's Repertory of Medicines which are Not Antipsoric.
- 1836 Boenninghausen's An Attempt at Showing the Reiative Kinship of Homoeopathic Medicines.
- 1837 Ruoff's Repertory publis(ed in Stuttgart consisting of 236 pages.

- 1854 Adolph Lippe's (USA) A Repertory of Comparative Materia Medica consisting of 144 pages
- 1859 Cipher Repertory consisting of 600 pages by English Homeopaths. Enlarged edition in 1878 containing 1030 pages by Drysdale, Atkins, Dudgeon and Scokes.
- 1859 Jahr's New Manual of Homoeopathic Materia Medica with Possart's Additions - fifth edition revised and enlarged by the author and translated and edited by Hempel.

About this time in England the following repertories were known:

1. Buck's Regional Symptomatology and Clinical Dictionary.
2. Hempel's Repertory.
3. Curies Repertory by Drysdale and Dudgeon.

- 1873 Berridge Repertory of the Eyes, published in England.
- 1874 Granier of Nimes Homoeolexicon in two volumes.
- 1876 Repertory of the New Remedies by C.P. Hart published by Boericke and Tafel based on Hale's special symptomatology and therapeutics.
- 1879 C. Lippe published his famous Repertory of the More Characteristic Symptoms of the Materia Medica consisting of 322 pages (Indian edition has 438 pages). It became one of the precursor of Kent's repertory which was published in 1897.
- 1880 T. F. Allen's Symptom Register.
- 1880 Repertory to the Modalities by Samuel Worcester.
- 1881 Hering's Analytical Repertory (Symptoms of the Mind).
- 1883 Repertory of Intermittent Fever by William A. Allen.

Materia Medica and Repertories. He has tried to express the thematic philosophy of the study of homoeopathic symptoms by organizing the symptoms of Pure Materia Medica and repertory by themes. He says that Repertories were the main attempt to classify the homoeopathic symptoms so that they could be used in clinic for fast medical advice, but they have several limitations. First limitation is that symptoms are severed and classified in alphabetical order with no connections in repertory losing their dynamic expression thus similar symptoms are placed in different chapters and remain unrelated.

Secondly, the symptoms described in pure materia medica are not totally represented on the repertorial rubrics. In this new Thematic repertory, author has tried to overcome weaknesses of repertories. For example in the Thematic repertory, at the forsaken theme, we have a lot of symptoms with the sense of forsaken but they do not present the word forsaken.

The Thematic repertory incorporates the collected mood and 12,500 symptoms from the pure materia medica of Hahnemann, Hering, T.R Allen, H.C. Allen, Jeremy Sherr and from Complete Repertory by Roger van Zandvoort.

These are arranged carefully under nearly 300 themes like Ambition, Forsaken, Death, Helplessness, Money, Religious, Travel, Yielding etc. In this way, all unrelated symptoms present under the same theme and the limitation of the Kentian repertories, where similar symptoms with different spelling are found to be listed far away of each other is overcome.

ROBIN MURPHY'S REPERTORY OF HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA RELEASED IN MARCH 1993.

It is a reorganized and expanded version of Kent's Repertory with Kent and Knerr format. The book is compact, practical and easy to carry like Kent's Repertory. It has sixty seven different

Limestone, Sequoia sempervirens, Lac humanum, Hydrophis (snake venom). Many additions for Saccharum officinalis, Carcinoin and Bowel nosodes, Granite & C Bothrops atrox. Each and every rubric has been traced to its origin mentioned in superscript coded number giving the page number of the original text for each rubric for precision reference. This is the greatest advantage of this repertory as each new information has a reference code by which one can judge its value or worth.

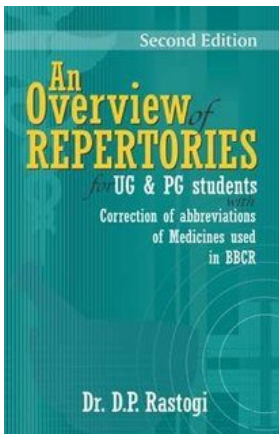
There has been a lot of planning in the sectional organization of the repertory. The mind symptoms have been systematically classified and indexed so that the right rubric or remedy can be found easily. Noises in several sections have been brought together under the main rubric "Noise" (like in abdomen, grumbling, quacking etc.)

He has changed previously confusing abbreviations to more easily understood versions mostly in the mineral and acid remedies.

Many occurrences of symptoms have been simplified using the most common word for their specific meaning. Most important word in many rubrics have been moved to be read first; i.e., during urination is changed to urination, during. The terminology in some cases has been modernized and clarified e.g. miscarriage has been replaced with abortion and micturition by urination.

Some important changes:

One example of a rubric in Mind section: Emotions predominated by intellect (as it appears in Synthetic) has been changed to, after confirmation from text to: Emotions - Controlled by intellect, need to be. This phrasing of the rubric gives it exactly the opposite meaning. Whereas the first one indicates that the intellect is so strong that it overwhelms and controls the emotions, the actual meaning indicates that Emotions are so strong that they have to be controlled by intellect. The latter makes sense because



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Correction of abbreviations of Medicines used in BBCR

208 pages, pb



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